# Wath Central Primary School 

Subject Area: Art and Design

|  |  | Milestone 1 <br> By the end of Key Stage 1 (Years 1 and 2), children will have been taught how to: | Milestone 2 <br> By the end of Lower Key Stage 2 (Years 3 and 4), children will have been taught how to: | Milestone 3 <br> By the end of Key Stage 2 (Years 5 and 6), children will have been taught how to: |
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| To develop ideas | Key Subject <br> Specific <br> Vocabulary | explore, develop, create, respond, | explore, develop, adapt, collect, refine, comment, experiment, annotate | explore, develop, adapt, collect, extend, present, enhance, comment, annotate, edit, retrieve |
|  |  | - Respond to ideas and starting points. <br> - Explore ideas and collect visual information. <br> - Explore different methods and materials as ideas develop. | - Develop ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. <br> - Collect information, sketches and resources. <br> - Adapt and refine ideas as they progress. <br> - Explore ideas in a variety of ways. <br> - Comment on artworks using visual language. | - Develop and imaginatively extend ideas from starting points throughout the curriculum. <br> - Collect information, sketches and resources and present ideas imaginatively in a sketch book. <br> - Use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas. <br> - Spot the potential in unexpected results as work progresses. <br> - Comment on artworks with a fluent grasp of visual language. |
| To master techniques | Key Subject <br> Specific <br> Vocabulary | blend, tone, colour, mix, line, pattern, print, weave, tool, shape, malleable, sketch, mould, carve | colour, tone, tint, shade, light, shadow, texture, pattern, line, wash, mood, coil, montage, sketch, shade, weave, image, shape, carve, sculpture, solid | Sketch, shade, line, colour, tone, tint, palette, mood, texture, abstract, tactile, reflection, shadows, animation, perspective, composition, proportion, mosaic, realistic, impressionistic, |
|  | Painting | - Use thick and thin brushes. <br> - Mix primary colours to make secondary. <br> - Add white to colours to make tints and black to colours to make tones. <br> - Create colour wheels. | - Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines. <br> - Mix colours effectively. <br> - Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail. <br> - Experiment with creating mood with colour. | - Sketch (lightly) before painting to combine line and colour. <br> - Create a colour palette based upon colours observed in the natural or built world. <br> - Use the qualities of watercolour and acrylic paints to create visually interesting pieces. <br> - Combine colours, tones and tints to enhance the mood of a piece. <br> - Use brush techniques and the qualities of paint to create texture. |


|  |  |  | - Develop a personal style of painting, drawing upon ideas from other artists. |
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| Collage | - Use a combination of materials that are cut, torn and glued. <br> - Sort and arrange materials. <br> - Mix materials to create texture. | - Select and arrange materials for a striking effect. <br> - Ensure work is precise. <br> - Use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage. | - Mix textures (rough and smooth, plain and patterned). <br> - Combine visual and tactile qualities. <br> - Use ceramic mosaic materials and techniques. |
| Sculpture | - Use a combination of shapes. <br> - Include lines and texture. <br> - Use rolled up paper, straws, paper, card and clay as materials. <br> - Use techniques such as rolling, cutting, moulding and carving. | - Create and combine shapes to create recognisable forms (e.g. shapes made from nets or solid materials). <br> - Include texture that conveys feelings, expression or movement. <br> - Use clay and other mouldable materials. <br> - Add materials to provide interesting detail. | - Show life-like qualities and real-life proportions or, if more abstract, provoke different interpretations. <br> - Use tools to carve and add shapes, texture and pattern. <br> - Combine visual and tactile qualities. <br> - Use frameworks (such as wire or moulds) to provide stability and form. |
| Drawing | - Draw lines of different sizes and thickness. <br> - Colour (own work) neatly following the lines. <br> - Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines. <br> - Show different tones by using coloured pencils. | - Use different hardnesses of pencils to show line, tone and texture. <br> - Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas. <br> - Sketch lightly (no need to use a rubber to correct mistakes). <br> - Use shading to show light and shadow. <br> - Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture. | - Use a variety of techniques to add interesting effects (e.g. reflections, shadows, direction of sunlight). <br> - Use a choice of techniques to depict movement, perspective, shadows and reflection. <br> - Choose a style of drawing suitable for the work (e.g. realistic or impressionistic). <br> - Use lines to represent movement. |
| Print | - Use repeating or overlapping shapes. <br> - Mimic print from the environment (e.g. wallpapers). <br> - Use objects to create prints (e.g. fruit, vegetables or sponges). <br> - Press, roll, rub and stamp to make prints. | - Use layers of two or more colours. <br> - Replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments. <br> - Make printing blocks (e.g. from coiled string glued to a block). <br> - Make precise repeating patterns. | - Build up layers of colours. <br> - Create an accurate pattern, showing fine detail. <br> - Use a range of visual elements to reflect the purpose of the work. |


|  | Textiles | - Use weaving to create a pattern. <br> - Join materials using glue and/or a stitch. <br> - Use plaiting. <br> - Use dip dye techniques. | - Shape and stitch materials. <br> - Use basic cross stitch and back stitch. <br> - Colour fabric. <br> - Create weavings. <br> - Quilt, pad and gather fabric. | - Show precision in techniques. <br> - Choose from a range of stitching techniques. <br> - Combine previously learned techniques to create pieces. |
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|  | Digital media | - Use a wide range of tools to create different textures, lines, tones, colours and shapes. | - Create images, video and sound recordings and explain why they were created. | - Enhance digital media by editing (including sound, video, animation, still images and installations). |
| To take inspiration from the | Key Subject <br> Specific <br> Terminology | design, artist, abstract, modern, artwork, craftspeople, architects, | designer, original, artist, artisan, replicate, abstract, modern, craftspeople, architects, | designer, craftspeople, architects, original, artist, artisan, replicate, influence, society, style, abstract, realism, modern |
| (classic and modern) |  | - Describe the work of notable artists, artisans and designers. <br> - Use some of the ideas of artists studied to create pieces. | - Replicate some of the techniques used by notable artists, artisans and designers. <br> - Create original pieces that are influenced by studies of others. | - Give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers. <br> - Show how the work of those studied was influential in both society and to other artists. <br> - Create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles. |

Supporting Computing for those below Milestone 1

| P4 | P5 | P6 | P7 | P8 | Early Years |
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| - Show some awareness of cause and effect in a creative process. <br> - Explore materials systematically. <br> - Show awareness of starting or stopping a process. <br> - Make marks intentionally on a surface with fingers or tools. <br> - Repeat an activity to make the same or similar effect. | - Handle or use tools and materials purposefully. <br> - Show preferences for activities and begin to carry out simple processes. <br> - Choose tools and materials which are appropriate to the activity. <br> - Create and apply familiar techniques to a task. | - Show an intention to create. <br> - Start to use tools, materials and simple actions to produce a piece of work. <br> - Imitate the use of tools, materials and simple actions. <br> - Practise new skills with less support, developing knowledge of the process of making. | - Communicate ideas, events or experiences through the use of colour, form, line and tone. <br> - Intentionally represent or symbolise an object or an emotion in either 2D or 3D work. <br> - Purposefully choose colours or techniques. <br> - Show confidence in using a variety | - Develop ideas and use materials and processes working in two and three dimensions. <br> - Finish a piece of work following an established pattern of activity. <br> - Know that paintings, sculptures and drawings have meaning. | - Use simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately. <br> - Explore what happens when colours are mixed. <br> - Experiment to create different textures. <br> - Understand that different media can be combined to create new effects. <br> - Manipulate materials to achieve a planned effect. |


| - Show an active interest in a range of tools and materials, taking part in familiar activities with some support. |  | of processes and make appropriate use of tools and materials. | - Use a growing art vocabulary and begin to express meaning. | - Choose particular colours for a purpose. <br> - Create simple representations of events, people and objects. |
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